



# Sanjay Ghodawat University, Kolhapur

Established as State Private University under Govt. of Maharashtra. Act No XL, 2017

2019-20  
EXM/P/09/00

B, Sc-II

School of Science

PHS209

Skill Enhancement Course

Odd

(Electrical Circuits and Networking Skills)

Sem III

Wednesday  
27 Nov 2019

Examination: ESE, Max Marks: 20, Time 30 minutes 10.30am to 11am

Section-A

Seat No.:

PRN No.:

Student Sign:

Invigilator Sign:

Examiner Sign:

Marks Obtained:

Instructions:

- 1) All Questions are compulsory.
- 2) Mark  $\checkmark$  to the correct option. Do not circle.
- 3) More than one options marked will not be considered for assessment.
- 4) Rough calculations on paper are not allowed.
- 5) Use non-programmable calculator is allowed.

## Q.1 Select the correct alternative

Marks BL CO

- |    |  |    |                         |     |
|----|--|----|-------------------------|-----|
| 1  | According to Ohm's law, voltage drop across resistor is _____ to the current                             | 01 | 1                       | CO1 |
| a) | directly proportional  | b) | inversely proportional  |     |
| 2  | emf of the battery is 12V. If it has finite internal resistance then voltage recorded across it is _____ | 01 | 2                       | CO1 |
| a) | less than 12 V   | b) | equal to 12 V           |     |
| c) | greater than 12 V  | d) | zero                    |     |
| 3  | Two resistors $10\ \Omega$ and $12\ \Omega$ are connected in parallel, find equivalent resistance.       | 01 | 2                       | CO1 |
| a) | $R_{eq} = 22\ \Omega$  | b) | $R_{eq} = 1.1\ \Omega$  |     |
| c) | $R_{eq} = 2\ \Omega$   | d) | $R_{eq} = 5.45\ \Omega$ |     |
| 4  | The product of voltage, current and sine angle is called as _____  | 01 | 1                       | CO1 |
| a) | Active power   | b) | Reactive power          |     |
| c) | Apparent Power   | d) | Power                   |     |
| 5  | For alternating current, $V_{rms}$ is given by; $V_{rms} =$ _____  | 01 | 1                       | CO1 |
| a) | $0.238 V_{max}$  | b) | $0.638 V_{max}$         |     |

**ESE**

- c)  $0.707 V_{\max}$  d)  $0.868 V_{\max}$
- 6 Power factor is defined as  $\cos\phi =$  \_\_\_\_\_ 01 1 CO1
- a)  $\frac{\text{Active power}}{\text{Reactive Power}}$  b)  $\frac{\text{Active power}}{\text{Apparent Power}}$
- c)  $\frac{\text{Reactive power}}{\text{Apparent Power}}$  d)  $\frac{\text{Reactive power}}{\text{Active Power}}$
- 7 Following phenomenon is used in transformers \_\_\_\_\_ 01 1 CO2
- a) Induction b) Self induction
- c) Mutual induction d) Transformation
- 8 AC or DC generators work with the principle of \_\_\_\_\_ 01 1 CO2
- a) Gauss law b) Faradays law of induction
- c) Ampere's law d) Newton's law
- 9 When two resistors are connected parallel to each other, \_\_\_\_\_ across it remains same. 01 1 CO2
- a) current b) voltage
- c) energy d) power
- 10 Inductive reactance is given by;  $X_L =$  \_\_\_\_\_, 01 1 CO2  
Where, f is frequency of source and L is inductance
- a)  $2\pi fL$  b)  $4\pi fL$
- c)  $6\pi fL$  d)  $8\pi fL$
- 11 The core of transformer is made up of \_\_\_\_\_ 01 1 CO2
- a) Iron b) Nickel
- c) Cobalt d) Copper
- 12 The machine that converts mechanical energy into DC electrical energy is called as \_\_\_\_\_ 01 1 CO2
- a) DC motor b) AC motor
- c) DC generator d) AC generator
- 13 The relation between number of turns of primary windings ( $N_1$ ) and secondary windings ( $N_2$ ) and primary coil voltage ( $V_1$ ) and secondary coil voltage ( $V_2$ ) is given by \_\_\_\_\_ 01 1 CO2
- a)  $\frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{N_2}{N_1}$  b)  $\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{N_2}{N_1}$
- c)  $V_1 V_2 = \frac{N_1}{N_2}$  d)  $\frac{V_2}{V_1} = N_1 N_2$



- 14 Fuse element is made up of the material having \_\_\_\_\_ 01 1 CO3
- a) low melting point, low conductivity      b) low melting point, high conductivity
- c) high melting point, low conductivity      d) high melting point, high conductivity
- 15 In order to protect the cable from moisture, gases or other damaging liquids (acids or alkalis) in the soil and atmosphere, a metallic sheath of \_\_\_\_\_ is used 01 1 CO3
- a) aluminum      b) iron
- c) cobalt      d) nickel
- 16 Which of the following cable provide good temperature tolerance \_\_\_\_\_ 01 1 CO3
- a) Vulcanized rubber      b) Polychloropene PCP
- c) XLPE Cables      d) Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)
- 17 The insulation used in cables is made up of \_\_\_\_\_ 01 1 CO3
- a) Copper      b) Aluminum
- c) Iron      d) Rubber mineral compound
- 18 Resistance across short circuit is \_\_\_\_\_ 01 1 CO3
- a) Zero      b) Infinite
- c) Half the earlier value      d) Double the earlier value
- 19 The \_\_\_\_\_ cables interferes the communication system 01 1 CO3
- a) Overhead      b) Underground
- 20 Which of the following element has the highest conductivity? 01 1 CO3
- a) Copper      b) Aluminum
- c) Cobalt      d) Nickel

**ESE**



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Examination: ESE, Max Marks: 80, Time 2.30 hr

11am to 1.30pm

Wednesday  
27 Nov 2019

Section-B.

Instructions:

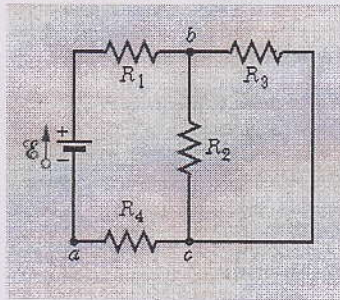
- 1) All Questions are compulsory.
- 2) Rough calculations on paper are not allowed.
- 3) Use non-programmable calculator is allowed.

Q.2 Answer the following questions

Marks (24) BL CO1

- a) Figure shows a multiloop circuit containing one ideal battery and four resistances with the following values:

$R_1 = 20 \Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 20 \Omega$ ,  $\mathcal{E} = 12 \text{ V}$ ,  $R_3 = 30 \Omega$  and  $R_4 = 8 \Omega$



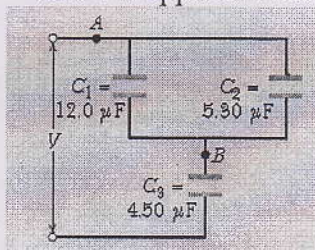
- (a) What is the current through the battery?
- (b) What is the current  $i_2$  through  $R_2$ ?
- (c) What is the current  $i_3$  through  $R_3$ ?

- b) What is AC? What is power factor? Explain types of power in an AC circuit.

8 3

- c) Find the equivalent capacitance for the combination of capacitances shown in Figure across which potential difference  $V = 12.5 \text{ V}$  is applied. Find charge across the equivalent capacitance.

4 4



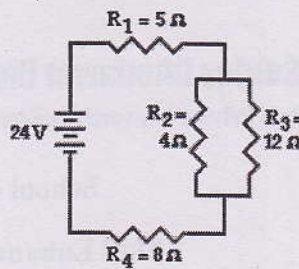
OR

ESE



- c) Find voltage and current across resistors  $R_2$  and  $R_3$ .

4 4



- d) What is inductance, capacitance, inductive reactance and capacitive reactance?

4 3

OR

- d) State Ohm's law. Discuss I-V characteristics of a resistor using a suitable circuit.

4 3

**Q.3 Answer the following questions**

**Marks (28) BL CO2**

- a) Discuss principle, construction and working of AC generator.  
Mention few applications of AC generators.  
b) Elaborate designs of AC and DC sources to control motors.

12 3

8 2

OR

- b) What is transformer? Discuss its principle and construction.  
c) What are types of transformer? Explain.  
d) Differentiate between AC and DC motors.

8 2

4 2

4 1

OR

- d) Write note on speed and power of AC motor

4 1

**Q.4 Answer the following questions**

**Marks (28) BL CO3**

- a) Discuss construction of cables used for transmission. Write comparison between aluminum and copper conductors.  
b) Explain in detail the over current protection devices.

12 2

8 2

OR

- b) Discuss different cable faults.  
c) Using proper diagram write construction of cables.  
d) What are different types of cables?

8 2

4 2

4 1

OR

- d) Write properties of cable insulators.

4 1